

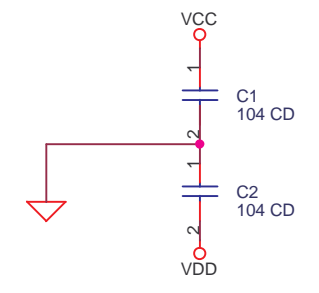
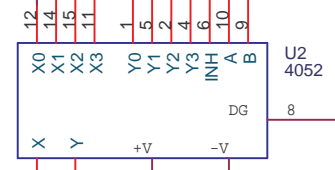
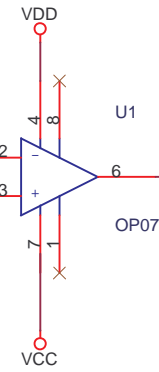
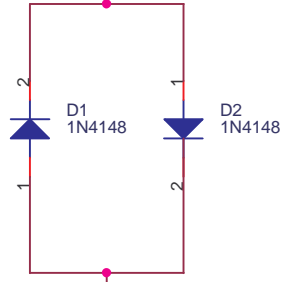
$$R_i = R_1 + R_2$$

Ri

Rf

Vin

In +



Vout

+ OUT

- OUT

$$V_{out} = -(R_f/R_i) * V_{in}$$

$$\text{Gain} = A_v = R_f/R_i$$

### Design Background

- a. Input 500 V max  
1/4 W Resistor can withstand 250V hence R1 and R2 in Series for 1M/500V R1 and R2 Limit the current also.  
D1 and D2 Clamps the voltage to +/-0.5V thereby protecting OpAmp.
- b. Output  
Output connect to DPM 7107/7135 or any other A/D Converter or OpAmp Stage  
Use a buffer at output if output has to be loaded by a value less than 1Meg.  
Use an inverting buffer if input leads have to have polarity where gnd is -In. See DACT0009.SCH for details.
- c. 4052 CMOS Switch  
The 4052/51/53 Analog Multiplexers have an on Resistance of around 100E the highlight of the circuit is that the CMOS on resistance comes in series with the opamp output source resistance. which produces no error at output.

### Caution !!!

Circuit does not isolate only attenuates. When high voltage is present at input any part of circuit is a danger to touch.

### Digital Control Options

- A and B can be controlled by I/O port of uC like 80C31 so that the uC can Control gain.
- A and B can be given to Counters like 4029/4518 to scroll gain digitally.
- A and B can be connected to DIP switch.
- A and B can be connected to a thumbwheel switch.

Digital Inputs Logic 0 is 0V Logic 1 is 5V

X Y Value Value	(2) B	(1) A	Gain Av Attenuation
0	0	0	1/1000
1	0	1	1/100
2	1	0	1/10
3	1	1	1

VCC = +5V (7805) VDD = -5V (7905)

ALL RESISTORS MFR 1% UNLESS SPECIFIED

CD is Ceramic Disc 104 = 0.1uF = 100n

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Title PRECISION ATTENUATOR WITH DIGITAL CONTROL

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